News

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HIGHLIGHTS OF PITTSBURGH, PA NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY DECEMBER 2002

Workers in the Pittsburgh metropolitan area averaged \$17.27 per hour during December 2002, according to a new survey released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Sheila Watkins reported that white-collar workers averaged \$19.85 per hour and accounted for 56 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar employees averaged \$16.09 per hour and represented 24 percent of the workforce, while the remaining 20 percent worked in service occupations and earned \$11.06 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 316 firms representing 497,600 workers in the Pittsburgh metropolitan area, which includes Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties. Eighty-three percent of those represented worked in private industry.

In the Pittsburgh metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 87 detailed occupations. (See table1.) Among white-collar workers, computer systems analysts and scientists averaged \$28.35 per hour; registered nurses, \$23.37; and secretaries, \$14.57. Blue-collar occupations included electricians earning \$17.55 per hour, truck drivers at \$15.77, and stock handlers and baggers at \$8.03. In the service occupations, janitors and cleaners averaged \$12.96 per hour; nursing aides, orderlies and attendants, \$10.21; and cooks, \$9.46.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 2 and 3.) For example, full-time employees in the Pittsburgh metropolitan area averaged \$18.29 per hour and part-timers earned \$9.73. Union workers in blue-collar jobs averaged \$17.66 per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made \$13.60. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$14.68 per hour and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$18.62.

The NCS is part of a statistical program that has integrated three separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the <u>Pittsburgh, PA National Compensation Survey December 2002</u> (Bulletin 3120-12). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the Philadelphia Information Office by calling (215) 597-3282. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm. Select survey tables can also be obtained from the Bureau's fax-on-demand service in Philadelphia by dialing (215) 597-4153 and requesting documents 9795, 9796, 9797, 9798, and 9799.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Philadelphia Information Office at (215) 597-3282 from 8:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 to 3:30 p.m. ET.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Pittsburgh, PA, December 2002

Occupation ³	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
	\$17.27	2.5	\$16.17	2.8	\$23.16	1.0
All excluding sales	17.87	2.6	16.77	3.0	23.24	1.2
/hite collar	19.85	2.2	18.52	2.6	27.25	1.8
White collar excluding sales	21.46	2.4	20.18	2.9	27.47	1.8
Professional specialty and technical	26.16	3.0	23.86	4.4	33.18	1.3
Professional specialty	28.46	3.5	26.09	5.2	34.14	.6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	31.34	6.9	31.34	6.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	30.99	3.2	30.99	3.2	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	35.94	11.4	35.94	11.4	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.15	7.2	30.15	7.2	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	28.35	6.9	28.35	6.9	_	_
Natural scientists	25.42	9.7	25.42	9.7	_	_
Health related	24.63	4.4	24.66	4.5	_	_
Registered nurses	23.37	1.1	23.37	1.1	_	_
Pharmacists	34.10	1.0	34.10	1.0	_	-
Physical therapists	27.25	2.5	27.25	2.5	_	_
Therapists, n.e.c.	16.23	16.5	15.60	16.4	_	_
Teachers, college and university	30.64	21.0	_	_	34.26	1.5
Teachers, except college and university	33.75	1.6	18.59	11.1	35.39	1.3
Elementary school teachers	36.89	2.5	_	_	37.36	2.2
Secondary school teachers	34.09	3.1	_	_	34.77	3.3
Teachers, special education	34.05	13.2	19.57	18.0	-	- 0.0
Teachers, n.e.c.	36.72	19.1	-	-	40.96	13.5
Substitute teachers	12.87	8.6	_	_	13.10	8.7
Librarians, archivists, and curators	-		_	_	-	0.7
Social scientists and urban planners	25.33	5.9	24.96	7.4	_	_
Psychologists	22.16	12.1	_		_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.41	9.9	11.28	5.7	_	_
	14.42	10.2		_	_	_
Social workers		10.2	11.22	5.6	_	_
Lawyers and judges	-	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	20.70	25.4	20.70	25.4		
professionals, n.e.c.	30.79	25.4	30.79	25.4	_	-
Editors and reporters	19.02	11.2	19.02	11.2	-	_
Technical	17.91	8.3	17.71	8.8	_	_
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	16.36	7.1	16.36	7.1	_	_
Health record technologists and technicians	17.51	5.2	17.51	5.2	_	_
Radiological technicians	18.05	1.2	18.05	1.2	-	_
Licensed practical nurses	15.33	1.5	15.31	1.2	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	12.21	2.5	12.21	2.5	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	23.49	8.2	_		_	_
Drafters	23.65	14.7	23.65	14.7	-	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	27.41	4.0	27.29	4.4	28.35	9.0
Executives, administrators, and managers	30.90	5.9	30.89	6.7	30.93	10.7
Financial managers	38.92	20.0	38.92	20.0	_	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	33.51	11.9	33.51	11.9	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	_	_	_	_	32.05	22.3
Managers, medicine and health	25.67	15.3	25.67	15.3	_	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	31.72	29.3	31.72	29.3	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	33.02	7.5	33.35	8.6	_	_
Management related	22.70	3.2	22.81	3.4	_	_
Accountants and auditors	20.46	5.1	20.28	5.7	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations	_0.10	".,	_00] ""		
specialists	24.53	10.0	24.53	10.0	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	22.84	7.0	22.84	7.0	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	23.68	3.8	23.90	3.6	-	_
Salas	10.39	77	10.24	7.0		
Sales		7.7	10.34	7.8	_	_
Supervisors, sales	24.94	24.5	24.94	24.5	_	_
Sales workers, apparel Cashiers	9.02 7.71	8.5 5.6	9.02 7.36	8.5 3.7	_	_
Custiliors	7.71	3.0	7.50	5.7	_	
Administrative support, including clerical	13.20	2.9	12.93	3.4	15.03	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Pittsburgh, PA, December 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	To	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Administrative compant including elevies. Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued Supervisors, financial records processing	\$15.33	7.7	\$15.33	7.7	_	_
Secretaries	14.57	3.3	13.81	3.8	\$16.27	5.0
Stenographers	14.06	5.5	12.91	3.0	-	_
Typists	10.86	15.3	8.94	10.2	_	_
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	17.14	10.7	17.14	10.7	_	_
Receptionists	10.81	4.5	10.81	4.5	_	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	11.73	8.2	11.73	8.2	-	_
Order clerks	19.36	4.8	19.36	4.8	-	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.63	.8	11.63	.8	_	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	12.37	5.0	12.13	5.5	_	_
Billing clerks	12.11	1.4	12.11	1.4	-	_
Telephone operators	14.10	8.0	14.10	8.0	-	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.20	7.6	13.20	7.6	_	-
Stock and inventory clerks	12.89	11.4	-	-	_	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	11.94	5.4	11.94	5.4	_	_
General office clerks	12.73	6.6	12.12	4.8	_	_
Bank tellers	10.39	10.6	10.39	10.6	_	_
Data entry keyers	10.23	3.5	10.23	3.5	_	_
Teachers' aides	10.42 13.26	9.2 3.9	- 13.47	4.4	_	_
Blue collar	16.09	3.5	15.48	3.7	19.33	1.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.56	2.6	19.68	2.7	17.90	7.6
Automobile mechanics	18.21	1.4	18.01	.8	-	_
Industrial machinery repairers	22.04	14.3	22.04	14.3	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	17.53	8.6	17.53	8.6	-	_
Carpenters	18.94	10.3	_	-	_	_
Electricians Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	17.55 21.74	8.2 5.2	- 21.74	5.2	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.30	4.9	13.30	4.9		
Molding and casting machine operators	13.25	15.7	13.25	15.7	_	
Extruding and forming machine operators	13.03	4.6	13.03	4.6	_	
Mixing and blending machine operators	17.66	7.3	17.66	7.3	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	14.64	6.2	14.64	6.2	_	_
Assemblers	11.17	2.9	11.17	2.9	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	11.78	5.8	11.78	5.8	-	_
Transportation and material moving	17.00	3.3	14.32	3.4	19.71	.6
Truck drivers	15.77	5.4	15.63	5.4	-	_
Bus drivers	18.40	2.4	_	_	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.70	4.0	14.70	4.0	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12.95	7.2	12.37	7.6	18.62	8.9
Production helpers	11.81	11.9	11.81	11.9	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers	8.03	18.6	8.03	18.6	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	18.30	6.4	18.30	6.4	-	_
Hand packers and packagers	10.18	6.1	10.18	6.1	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	15.30	6.1	14.51	5.2	-	-
Protective convice	11.06	5.7	9.76	4.4	17.31	11.4
Protective service	17.48 9.52	26.0 21.5	10.74	26.5 21.5	25.50 —	16.5
Food service	9.52 7.01	6.2	9.52 6.85	6.0	10.62	2.7
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	7.01 4.48	10.4	6.85 4.48	10.4	10.02	2.7
Waiters and waitresses	3.53	12.0	3.53	12.0	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	5.84	5.4	5.84	5.4	_	-
Other food service	8.56	3.9	8.41	3.9	10.62	2.7
Supervisors, food preparation and service	10.21	9.7	10.21	9.7	-	-"
Cooks	9.46	4.9	9.47	5.0	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.52	9.7	8.52	9.7	_	l _

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Pittsburgh, PA, December 2002 — Continued

Occupation ³	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service –Continued Food service –Continued Other food service –Continued Food preparation, n.e.c	\$7.92	3.4	\$7.54	0.9	\$10.77	2.4
Health service	10.19	2.3	9.92	2.2	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.13	6.2	10.10	6.2	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.21	1.2	9.84	1.6	_	_
Cleaning and building service	12.27	6.8	11.43	10.5	14.05	2.2
Maids and housemen	8.76	7.6	8.70	7.8	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	12.96	6.0	12.25	9.7	14.06	2.2
Personal service	15.12	6.9	15.98	8.1	_	_
Child care workers, n.e.c	11.42	17.3	8.02	22.4	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

 $^{^4\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Pittsburgh, PA, December 2002

	Private industry and State and local government							
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
	Mean							
All occupations All excluding sales		\$9.73 10.43	\$19.90 20.11	\$16.06 16.73	\$17.27 17.89	\$16.93 16.52		
White collar		12.12 15.76	27.11 28.34	18.42 19.94	19.89 21.47	17.06 -		
Professional specialty and technical	29.25 18.16 27.37 11.92	20.04 21.16 14.64 - 7.20	33.25 34.24 25.74 - 7.83	23.25 25.62 16.47 27.46 10.58	26.16 28.46 17.91 27.41 9.54	- - - - 17.76		
Administrative support, including clerical Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	16.54 19.62 13.31 17.50	9.73 8.05 - - 9.12 7.58	17.04 17.66 20.97 14.14 18.12 15.42	12.60 13.60 17.43 12.39 13.90 9.24	13.22 16.05 19.99 13.30 17.13 12.95	16.86 17.37 - - -		
Service	. 12.42 7.00 15.03 9.12 11.06 – Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
All occupations	2.7	5.9 6.2	4.3 4.4	2.9 2.8	2.5 2.6	7.8 3.5		
White collar White-collar excluding sales		6.2 6.3	4.9 5.0	2.6 2.5	2.3 2.4	21.6		
Professional specialty and technical	4.1 8.5 4.0	5.7 6.4 5.9 – 6.9	5.0 4.4 28.4 – 16.7	3.9 4.7 3.6 4.1 8.1	3.0 3.5 8.3 4.0 6.4	- - - - 21.8		
Administrative support, including clerical	3.0	4.6	4.7	2.8	2.9	-		
Precision production, craft, and repair	2.7 4.9 3.1	8.0 - - 11.9 10.5	4.7 5.1 7.0 2.7 6.6	3.4 4.2 8.7 4.4 7.2	3.7 3.1 4.9 3.7 7.2	3.3 2.3 - - -		
Service	5.2	4.7	8.1	5.0	5.7	_		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^3}$ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses. 6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Pittsburgh, PA, December 2002

	Full-time and part-time workers						
Occupational group	All private industry workers		100 workers or more				
		50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
			Mean				
All occupations All excluding sales		\$14.68 14.78	\$16.48 17.18	\$14.56 15.29	\$18.62 19.12		
White collar		18.60 20.20	18.51 20.18	16.86 19.42	19.82 20.67		
Professional specialty and technical	26.09 17.71 27.29 10.34	26.17 31.16 14.25 24.90 13.82	23.58 25.51 18.18 27.71 9.48	23.04 26.21 16.99 27.74 9.50	23.84 25.23 19.04 27.68 9.43		
Administrative support, including clerical	15.48 19.68 13.30	12.02 13.98 17.16 12.53 14.24	13.06 16.02 20.83 13.47 14.35	13.25 14.50 18.70 12.97 14.05	12.89 18.81 23.40 14.59 14.92		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service		9.25 6.78	13.52 10.39	12.19 9.29	17.17 12.29		
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)						
All occupations All excluding sales		6.0 6.1	2.9 2.8	4.5 4.1	4.0 3.6		
White collar		8.5 7.9	2.8 2.8	5.8 5.1	4.6 3.6		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	5.2 8.8 4.4	11.5 14.5 9.0 8.8 19.4 5.7	4.3 5.1 9.8 4.6 6.6 3.7	11.1 16.4 7.1 4.6 9.2 5.5	4.1 5.3 12.5 8.5 13.2 3.1		
Blue collar	2.7 4.9 3.4 7.6	6.4 3.8 21.0 3.4 12.0	3.9 2.9 2.6 5.0 9.2	4.6 6.0 2.9 8.9 12.0	6.8 8.5 5.6 6.8 4.2		
Service	4.4	13.9	3.0	3.9	4.2		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

 $^{^{3}}$ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.